

Investigation of Agriculture Industrial Effects in Iran

Marzieh Samimi

Department of Agriculture Engineering, Arsenjan Branch, Islamic Azad University, Arsenjan, Iran
(marziehsamimi68@gmail.com)

Abstract- The growth of Agricultural unit as a ground is necessary to reach development goals. In under development country, development and support of Agricultural growth reduce poverty state, development of food safety and maintenance of Natural resources are very important. Unit agriculture in low income countries for extension and strong coupling with another agriculture unit act as a motor and primary motive for economic growth, in most countries, agriculture has largest labors. Poor population often depends directly to this section and they live by Agriculture. Also modern agriculture has danger employment in productivity unit and offer more services to market. This method leads to employment in farms. So, agriculture unit directly by more production and export and indirectly by increase demand for Industrial goods and services, help to economic growth and as a result create new job opportunity. In this paper we discuss about Agriculture Industry effects.

Keywords: *Economic, agriculture, natural Resources development, employment.*

I. INTRODUCTION

A. Importance and Place of Agriculture in Society.

With pay attention to the Agriculture production in society food security and the necessity to production Economic dimension, Agriculture economic appeared as a one of the branch of agriculture science in last century and today with revolution has a modern and union knowledge is available for willing of science and knowledge in high education center and investigative. In the cultivation activity specifies that in addition to agriculture knowledge, acquire principle of Economic science and they can with use of his experience, has activity in planning course and produce of the scheme of agriculture products production. And it is necessary for agriculture revolution and determined the reaching to goals in 20 years perspective and the first place of economic in Middle East we should go toward constant production. He said: we should consider constant of environment and natural resources. In 2007, united Emirates has 179/billion for export and 130 \$ billion for import and positive balance of this country is 49 \$ billion, since Iran in the past year has 79 \$

billion for export and 61 \$ billion for import and its positive balance is 16 \$ billion. We can say one of the necessity indexes for reaching to finance convenience according to this document is constant and favorable environment but is there mechanism and necessary thinking for this goal in the country? The reason for not reaching to this goals and not implementing this policy are as following:

- Not strong in edit of general scheme for production of basic product.
- Not establishing of nasality organization.
- Poor commercial policies
- Not harmony between related organizations.
- Not enough clarity in planning and implement of programs. Large volume of waste material and not having effect program in consumption control

B. Popper Unities and Lime Tends of Agriculture Unit.

With respect to this matter that the main goals of Iran's national perspective document in 1404 at economic unit is include public company transfer, tax organization reform and on the other hand unit of services and Indus try has more grown and not pay attention to agriculture, it is necessary to more pay attention to opportunities and limitedness of agriculture unit for reach to main goals of e economic. Outstanding and worthy opportunity of agriculture unit is include diversification of favorable weather and has 4 season, several and inexpensive natural resources relative to other Iran's agriculture unit, favorable agriculture geographical of country, airy, watery and ground communication in region, cause Iran place in favorable position and can Reach to independence and produce earn and Job. With respect to this matter that around 1/3 of national economic portion include in production, Job and earn and another relegated case such as Industry and services, but unfortunately Investment in this section single digit and below 10% and is one of the biggest disadvantage and limitedness of agriculture unit. They believed that inattention and low investment in agriculture section can support this limitedness Including several wastes and little insurance, lack of changed industries, not having relative advantage of market not using of organization, crisis of unit ground and not reforming water can cause agriculture section fall behind to reach the main strategy of scope for

single product economic and also development of non-oil export we should support and extend more investment in agriculture section and one of the major approach to strategic products independence in agriculture that accelerate to reach economic independence is fine management for production, little waists and proper market of agriculture products from production center to regret markets. It's natural that is not possible to reaching complete independence in produce all necessary matters for the country. And for this countries obliged to produce production that has relative advantageous in contrary to other countries and with selling to other countries supply necessary resources for import needed matters. This perspective among the economist have agreement and disagreement, Form the disagreement perspective country in proud this perspective among the economist have agreement and disagreement. Form the disagreement perspective country in produce needed goods should not any need to outside the country, although produce of several productions has not economic explanation bout independence in production agriculture because is related to food safety, several politicians and economist has agreed to it and needed goods should not any need to outside the country, although produce of several production has not economic explanation bout independence in production agriculture because is related to food safety, several politician and economist has agreed to it. Consistent of country situation in produce or goods import is most important. But inconsistency of support policy from supplier such as investment and define of tariff cause to confuse merchandiser and supplier until don't have clear programs for trade and production and sometimes improper import disrupt inside market. The role of government is important to setting their relationships with other parties of contract since they can possible their trading relaxations with other countries with low cost. Because import main volume is cereals this shows that country is unable to supply food safety and has some trouble in crisis time. For this continuity of implement the policy of import substitute such as the scheme of what substitute is necessary. Also basic changes in countries that are contract parties show that they not consider long-term relegations in setting deals and relegations, since it is not difficult estimate goods with respect to import and export. Unfortunately in Iran poor in implementing this policy has result in we can't reach to development goals accompanying with under development in western south in Asia. Results of Iran strafing and static have indicated that application not consistent with goals and programs and government support is ineffective in the country and observed that support of Government is in the industry section. Therefore the results not revealing effective implement of this policy. Oil export in Iran not causes to grow. Therefore to not away from global development we should implement manage mend Development program until have advantageous for economic country. Therefore in this situation implement of the approach of import and export substituting is recommend for Iran so export of industrial goods is substitute for export of oil and on the other hand independence to import become low.

Therefore we should pay attention to import substitute good as a supplement.

II. GROW OF AGRICULTURE ECONOMIC AND THEIR EFFECT ON REDUCE POOR IN SOCIETY.

Growth of agriculture section is necessary for reaching to development goals in under development countries. Among the goals, development and support of economic growth and reduces of poor, development of food safety and natural resources maintaining is very important. Agricultural section for strong coupling with other sections of economic act as a motor and primary motive for economic growth, in these countries agriculture has greatest labor and have special place with 68% of Job 24% of gross production. Increase of productivity level in Agricultural section cause to cheap foods material and help to poor family. Also modern agriculture has more Job in productivity unit and supply more services in the market. These trends lead to create indirectly Job in the farms. Agriculture section help to economic grow in rural industry directly by more production and indirectly with increase demand for industrial goods and services and as a result create new opportunities Job. Growth in agriculture section have positive impact on not poverty and should note that accelerate of the trend of decreasing urban poverty is possible with rural section growth. Agricultural growth help indirectly to the Development of urban and rural family and is accompanying with increase earn, low price of food staff and more demand for goods and intermediate services. This phenomenon leads to motivate and development of cultivation activity extend of productive fund to poor people and development of market application. One study in 1997 about 35 country shows that 1% increase in inside gross production of agricultural, resulted in 61% increase in 20% of pours population income. Form the historical point of view the importance of agriculture in underdevelopment country portion of agriculture decrease in production and labor, and decrease in production and labor is resulted in biased policy of international trade activity. Agricultural section is act as a economic growth motivate in poor underdevelopment country and has important role in inside gross production and rural economic and affect large body of pours society. Uncouthly, food and food safety is one of the most basic challenge in this century. Increase in world population and maximum use of land that has potential to cultivation, the trend of effort in increase this devil go toward increase performance in devil unit and for many years specialist in agriculture sciences select 2 basic strategies called "To cultivation" and "to Racial". Specialist in negative reform produce material reform, sciences in genetic sciences and biotechnology manipulate the vegetate gene and specialist in cultivation reform the cultivation system and invent new system of farms management. Lack of water is one of the understandable sensitive about environment maintaining and keeps of energy resources. And agricultural tradition systems with water wrong Management is one of the main resources of polluting environment. Because this specialist in cultivation sciences in current years look after modern method in farm

management that addition to fine management increase performance and output of production economic. For this goal appeared the "extant agriculture". It is clear that in level of one farm we face with several variables. On one hand difference in soil property of farms different section and on the other hand several needs of different vegetative in different farm and several variables in farms level needs to implement variable and consistent management with each part of farms. Thus needs to variable management are origin of exact agricultural systems. Exact agriculture that sometimes called "place special" is one type of new approach can able to determine farm inside variation and then go toward increase of cultivation products and productivity with management this variation and is a management strategy that implement related details and information to each part of farms. In this kind of systems gathered special information about soil type and product quality. Opposite to first view that request complicated management exact agriculture application and on the other side economic explanation of such system is faced to doubt, but appears that with respect to basic challenge that today world is face, next generation is obliged to use such methods. And now this system in modern country such as America becomes agriculture current system. Facility to access to modern tools and technology and also extend level of farms is other factors to use of this agriculture system. On the other hand sensitive that is in the development country relative to biotechnology and environment risk in agriculture production from the Manipulation of genetics, the farmers motivated to use of cultivation systems to increase performance on unit level. But it is clear that such management system with respect to complicated tools and technology is use in extend farms and has economic explanation and opposite to modern country that has special attention to this type of agriculture system in underdevelopment countries prefer material reform and biotechnology products although next century request another elements.

III. CONCLUSION

20 years perspective document is image of future Ideal Iran, but can we reach to this perspective document with respect to present situation in Environment district? Or do we look after in these goals? This policy in environment district based on 20 years perspective document is such as: National effort for constant development, fine management of land with bioenvironmental consideration of the bioenvironmental costs and value of bioresearches in micro and macro Economics, prohibition of any activity that leads to destroys the environment, prevention and decrease the pollution and electrolyzed cares and extend the environment and country body versification. Also constant utilization of basic resources and better use of consumption and produce pattern, create the environment management general systems in the public and

private systems, public opinion lightening and public partnership extension for environment maintain is this policy. Five years passed from the edit of this document, and until now how much we near to third goal? Does performance is toward this goal or destroy environment? Can we accept that establishing road in choirs national park forest, lair field, afar shah rood forest, road pass inside Anzali pool, build the dark and destroys the Orumiye lake for the increase in our of water implement the project for gas storage in Kavir national park and destroy of Iranian punter place, deaf of 2 punter for car crash, cut of 1500 years trees. Disappear of 280 hectors of forest for building Alborz dike, risk of destroyed hectares' of south forest for establishment of northern pars instigation in Boushehr forest, create Gym in Anzali international pool, airy and watery strong erosion, attach of sand, torrent, sourly, decline of soil fertility, village forlorn, increase of air pollution decline of underground water level, destroyer of vegetative and animal kind can place we in this perspective?

It's say that unfortunately Iran's name is one country from 15 countries that has environment inconsistency also Iran is among 10 countries that has terrestrial globe environment challenge worries such as soil erosion, not forestry, decline of underground water, detriment of pools and creating desert. Maintain and consistence of productive activity in agricultural section need to serious support of supplier and investment in this section. Among the supportive several policies, insurance of agricultural production is proper solution for the risks. And in this section we offer several Recommendations for insurance agricultural production.

1. Increase farmers know ledge and inform and utilize of agricultural products insurance importance in national and economic development.
2. Extend the agriculture products to a productive production that has good value and produce with trading.
3. Insurance the domesticated and agricultural production without any limitedness.
4. Assistancess of country cultural authority in extend of agriculture insurance among the Iran rural societies.

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